Data Science â€“ Learning Management Questions

Week Five â€“ Question #1

from pandas import \*

from ggplot import \*

import pandas

def lineplot(hr\_year\_csv):

# A csv file will be passed in as an argument which

# contains two columns -- 'HR' (the number of homerun hits)

# and 'yearID' (the year in which the homeruns were hit).

#

# Fill out the body of this function, lineplot, to use the

# passed-in csv file, hr\_year.csv, and create a

# chart with points connected by lines, both colored 'red',

# showing the number of HR by year.

#

# You will want to first load the csv file into a pandas dataframe

# and use the pandas dataframe along with ggplot to create your visualization

#

# You can check out the data in the csv file at the link below:

# https://s3.amazonaws.com/content.udacity-data.com/courses/ud359/hr\_year.csv

#

# You can read more about ggplot at the following link:

# https://github.com/yhat/ggplot/

hr\_year = pandas.read\_csv(hr\_year\_csv)

gg = ggplot(hr\_year, aes('yearID', 'HR')) + \

geom\_point(color='red') + \

geom\_line(color='red') + \

ggtitle('Total HRs by year') + \

xlab('Year') + \

ylab('HR ')

return gg

if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":

print(lineplot('hr\_year.csv'))

Week Five â€“ Question #2

from pandas import \*  
from ggplot import \*  
  
  
def lineplot\_compare(hr\_by\_team\_year\_sf\_la\_csv):  
 # Write a function, lineplot\_compare, that will read a csv file  
 # called hr\_by\_team\_year\_sf\_la.csv and plot it using pandas and ggplot.  
 #  
 # This csv file has three columns: yearID, HR, and teamID. The data in the  
 # file gives the total number of home runs hit each year by the SF Giants  
 # (teamID == 'SFN') and the LA Dodgers (teamID == "LAN"). Produce a  
 # visualization comparing the total home runs by year of the two teams.  
 #  
 # You can see the data in hr\_by\_team\_year\_sf\_la\_csv  
 # at the link below:  
 # https://s3.amazonaws.com/content.udacity-data.com/courses/ud359/hr\_by\_team\_year\_sf\_la.csv  
 #  
 # Note that to differentiate between multiple categories on the  
 # same plot in ggplot, we can pass color in with the other arguments  
 # to aes, rather than in our geometry functions. For example,  
 # ggplot(data, aes(xvar, yvar, color=category\_var)). This might help you  
 # in this exercise.  
 data = read\_csv(hr\_by\_team\_year\_sf\_la\_csv)  
 gg = ggplot(data, aes('HR','yearID')) + geom\_point(color = 'red') + geom\_line(color = 'red') + ggtitle('Number of HR by year') + xlab('HR') + ylab('yearID')  
 return gg

if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":

print(lineplot('hr\_year.csv'))